

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Moss Adams LLP
Certified Public Accountants

WHITMAN COLLEGE

Peter W. Harvey, Chief Financial Officer Darlene R. Wilson, CPA, Controller

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We are pleased to present Whitman College's consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. As COVID-19 becomes endemic, the College's financial statements reflect challenges in addition to achievements to be celebrated.

As students returned to campus, student enrollment rebounded well for the College for the year ended June 30, 2022 with an increase of almost 200 students. The College's consolidated statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 presents the following:

- Net student revenue of \$56.7 million
- Contributions and grants received of \$25.2 million at net present value
- The endowment contributed \$27.2 million in support of operations (with and without donor restrictions)
- An increase to net assets of \$236,000 from operations
- An overall decrease to net assets of \$171.7 million

The overall decrease to net assets was largely due to an economic downturn in the market resulting in a net investment loss of \$169.8 million. However, certain partnership investments of the College continue to produce unrelated business income for the College which is taxed at the federal corporate tax rate of 21%. In addition, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted on December 22, 2017 introduced a new excise tax of 1.4% on net investment income for institutions of higher education that meet certain criteria. This is the first year that the College is paying this excise tax as a result of the College meeting the threshold of its endowment value being over \$500,000 per tuition paying student as of June 30, 2021. An estimate of the College's tax liability, net of tax estimates paid, for these two Federal income taxes is \$1.5 million at June 30, 2022.

In spite of these challenges, Whitman is still in a strong financial position. While assets and net assets decreased, they remain strong at \$951.8 million and \$836 million, respectively at June 30, 2022. Whitman's endowment is \$655.5 million or 78.4% of total net assets. The College's total liabilities were just 12.2% of assets, and long-term bond debt was only 8.2% of assets. The most flexible net assets, those without donor restrictions, were 40% of total net assets.

The College successfully refinanced its variable rate bonds that were issued in 2004 and 2008 and their related interest rate exchange agreements with two fixed rate bonds issued through the Washington Higher Education Facilities Authority on November 30, 2021. This refinance eliminated the College's risk of rising costs of variable rate bonds, eliminated the associated debt covenant ratio requirements, and alleviated significant administrative time and costs to the College.

With the ongoing challenges in higher education from lower enrollments, tuition discount pressures, changing demographics, attracting and retaining talent in the workforce, and social and economic instability, the College's foundational financial strength and flexibility positions us to confidently face the future. Whitman's success could not happen without the support of our students, families, alumni, faculty, staff, Board of Trustees, and friends. Thanks to all for providing Whitman College with an optimistic future.

Peter W. Harvey, Chief Financial Officer

Darlene R. Wilson, CPA, Controller

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(in thousands)

June 30,	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 63,454	\$ 36,529
Inventory and prepaid expenses	649	883
Accounts receivable, net	727	633
Student loans, net	738	1,022
Deferred compensation	1,047	1,260
Contributions and trusts receivable, net	17,908	25,165
Investments	701,545	897,486
Property, plant, and equipment, net	165,687	168,608
Total Assets	\$ 951,755	\$ 1,131,586
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,535	\$ 1,363
Accrued compensation and benefits	8,195	11,332
Deferred revenue and enrollment deposits	1,863	1,861
Deferred compensation	1,047	1,260
Federal income taxes payable	1,500	865
Interest rate exchange agreements	-	12,684
Refundable advance	2,218	2,419
Split-interest agreements	13,912	15,286
Other long-term obligations	6,424	7,788
Government loan funds payable	989	1,276
Bonds payable	78,058	67,714
Total Liabilities	115,741	123,848
NET ASSETS		
Without donor restrictions	334,353	390,321
With donor restrictions	501,661	617,417
Total Net Assets	836,014	1,007,738
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 951,755	\$ 1,131,586

Consolidated Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(in thousands)

	Don	Without or Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions		Total
	DOIL	or restrictions	Done	A RESTRICTIONS	Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Revenues					
Tuition and fees net of institutional financial aid (Institutional financial aid - \$40,174)	\$	44,785			\$ 44,785
Room and board charges		11,909			11,909
Net student revenue		56,694			56,694
Contributions and government grants		3,845	\$	3,378	7,223
Investment return / (loss), net		(939)		10	(929)
Other income, net		637		9	646
Net Operating Revenues		60,237		3,397	63,634
Endowment support to operations		10,407		16,820	27,227
Net assets released from restrictions		23,424		(23,424)	
Net Resources Funding Operations		94,068		(3,207)	90,861
Expenses By Function					
Instruction		31,797			31,797
Academic support		12,498			12,498
Student services		17,050			17,050
Institutional support		15,518			15,518
Auxiliary operations		13,762			13,762
Total Operating Expenses		90,625			90,625
Change in Net Assets From Operating Activities		3,443		(3,207)	236
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Contributions		863		17,075	17,938
Investment return / (loss), net		(59,555)		(109,359)	(168,914)
Federal income tax expense		(635)		-	(635)
Net gain on interest rate exchange agreements		1,179		-	1,179
Change in split-interest agreements		(50)		3,626	3,576
Other income, net		1,639		484	2,123
Endowment support to operations		(10,407)		(16,820)	(27,227)
Net assets released from restrictions		7,555		(7,555)	
Change in Net Assets from Nonoperating Activities		(59,411)		(112,549)	(171,960)
Total Change in Net Assets		(55,968)		(115,756)	(171,724)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		390,321		617,417	1,007,738
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	334,353	\$	501,661	\$ 836,014

Consolidated Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (in thousands)

	Done	Without With Donor Restrictions Donor Restrictions						Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Revenues								
Tuition and fees net of institutional financial aid (Institutional financial aid - \$31,140)	\$	35,271			\$	35,271		
Room and board charges		3,861				3,861		
Net student revenue		39,132				39,132		
Contributions and government grants		5,261	\$	3,817		9,078		
Investment return / (loss), net		4,304		(71)		4,233		
Other income, net		873		21		894		
Net Operating Revenues		49,570		3,767		53,337		
Endowment support to operations		10,271		16,374		26,645		
Net assets released from restrictions		15,212		(15,212)				
Net Resources Funding Operations		75,053		4,929		79,982		
Expenses By Function								
Instruction		28,840				28,840		
Academic support		10,856				10,856		
Student services		12,668				12,668		
Institutional support		15,305				15,305		
Auxiliary operations		10,326				10,326		
Total Operating Expenses		77,995				77,995		
Change in Net Assets From Operating Activities		(2,942)		4,929		1,987		
NONOPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Contributions		519		392		911		
Investment return / (loss), net		93,517		201,045		294,562		
Federal income tax expense		(865)		-		(865)		
Net gain on interest rate exchange agreements		4,203		-		4,203		
Change in split-interest agreements		(67)		(3,720)		(3,787)		
Other income, net		1,722		297		2,019		
Endowment support to operations		(10,271)		(16,374)		(26,645)		
Net assets released from restrictions		6,740		(6,740)		<u>-</u>		
Change in Net Assets from Nonoperating Activities		95,498		174,900		270,398		
Total Change in Net Assets		92,556		179,829		272,385		
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		297,765		437,588		735,353		
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	390,321	\$	617,417	\$	1,007,738		

(in thousands)

For the Years Ended June 30,	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Change in net assets	\$ (171,724)	\$ 272,385
Change in not assets	Ψ (171,724)	Ψ 272,000
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	8,813	8,569
Net (gain) / loss on investments, other assets, and liabilities	162,652	(340,567)
Change in value of split-interest agreements	(3,576)	3,787
Contributions restricted to long-term investment and plant	(23,113)	(5,617)
Gifts of collections	(595)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Receivables, inventory and prepaid expenses	5,911	5,342
Payables, deferred revenue and enrollment deposits	(2,814)	864
Long-term obligations	(1,397)	(185)
Net cash used in operating activities	(25,843)	(55,422)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of investments	(238,433)	(165,676)
Sales and maturities of investments	262,932	232,318
Purchases of land, buildings, equipment and collections	(5,122)	(2,494)
Student loan activity, net	284	331
Net cash provided by investing activities	19,661	64,479
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(51,400)	(1,255)
Proceeds from bond issue	62,383	-
Cost to issue bonds	(782)	_
Payments to beneficiaries	(1,545)	(1,494)
New split-interest agreements	1,338	25
Contributions restricted to long-term investment and plant	23,113	5,617
Net cash provided by financing activities	33,107	2,893
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	26,925	11,950
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		
Beginning of year	36,529	24,579
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		
End of year	\$ 63,454	\$ 36,529
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash paid for interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$ 2,390	\$ 2,624
Cash paid for income taxes (net of refunds)	\$ 1,752	\$ 17

Organization – Whitman College is an independent, co-educational, non-sectarian, residential, liberal arts and sciences, undergraduate college founded in 1859. Whitman College was chartered by the state of Washington as a degree granting college in 1883. The student body of approximately 1,500 students is drawn from across the United States and many other countries; however, it is predominantly from the western United States.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presentation

Basis of Presentation – The consolidated financial statements of Whitman College (the College or Whitman) have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America.

Net Asset Classifications – The activities and net assets of the College are classified as to whether or not their use is governed by donor-imposed restrictions.

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Are resources not subject to donor-imposed restrictions such as student tuition payments and board designated endowment funds.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Are resources subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Such restrictions may require either the passage of time or some action by the College to fulfill donor restrictions. If a donor has restricted funds to an endowment those funds will be held in perpetuity, the earnings of which will be used as the donor has specified.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and the disclosure of contingencies as well as revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Consolidation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Whitman College and the 21st Century Trust. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash – Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments maturing within 90 days of the fiscal year-end. College holdings in commingled funds with daily liquidity related to College checking accounts are considered cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents held by investment managers are classified as investments. Cash balances maintained by the College at various depository and brokerage institutions are often in excess of federally insured limits. The College did not experience any significant losses on its cash equivalents. Restricted cash consisted of funds for the Federal Perkins Loan program of \$326 and \$367 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Land, Buildings, Equipment, and Collections – Land, buildings, building improvements, equipment, and collections are carried at original cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of the gift. All such assets except land and collections are stated net of accumulated depreciation, which is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Any eligible single items over ten thousand dollars and library books are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives for buildings and building components is 10 to 40 years, for equipment 5 to 10 years, and for books 5 years. Normal repair and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presentation (continued)

Deferred Compensation – Certain employees of the College, at their option, may elect to defer a portion of their wages. Deferred compensation is placed in a separate fund, which is considered College property until the College approves a withdrawal by the employee due to an emergency or retirement. Because the participants are general creditors for these funds, the invested asset is separately recorded along with a separate corresponding liability to the employee. All such accounts are invested through an agent.

Refundable Advance – This account consists of vendor incentive payments that will be recognized as a reduction of operating expenses on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement, which expires in 2033.

Revenue and Expense Recognition – Revenue is reported as an increase to net assets without donor restrictions, unless donor restrictions are imposed. Operating expenses decrease net assets without donor restrictions; all other expenses are netted into related income.

Statements of Activities, Operating Activities – The College defines operations as activities closely related to its educational and residential mission, as well as any necessary ancillary activities. The endowment's support of operations is included as revenue in the operating section and is shown as an expense in the nonoperating section. All other significant transfers have been eliminated. Investment income and gain activity is related to excess operating balances and certain reserves.

Net Student Revenue – The College recognizes revenue from student tuition and fees and room and board charges within the fiscal year in which the educational and other services are provided. The academic programs are delivered in the Fall (mid-August to mid-December) and Spring (mid-January to mid-May) terms. There is some minor activity that spans from May to August. Payments for these summer services are due prior to the start of the semester, and are recorded as deferred revenue until the performance obligations are met.

The College provides institutional financial aid to students on both a need and merit basis. Institutional financial aid is provided in the form of scholarships and grants. Such aid is funded by the endowment, gifts, and other revenue without donor restrictions of the College and is reported as a reduction of student revenues. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College provided institutional financial aid of \$40,174 and \$31,140, respectively.

Contributions – Unconditional contributions, including promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received and are reported as increases in the appropriate category of net assets. Unconditional promises to give are initially recorded at fair value using the present value of future cash flows, discounted using a risk adjusted rate. Subsequent measurements of unconditional promises to give do not represent fair value. Contributions that include a measurable barrier or those for which the College has limited discretion over how the contribution should be spent and a right of return or release from future obligations are recorded as conditional contributions. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt. Contributions to be received in future periods are discounted at an appropriate discount rate. Amortized discounts are recorded as additional contribution revenue and are subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presentation (continued)

Government Grants – Revenues from government grants are considered to be contributions as the transactions are non-reciprocal in nature and contain a right of return. As such, revenues from grants are recognized when the conditions are met, that is as allowable expenditures under such agreements are incurred, and reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions. As restrictions were met in the same period, these grants were reported as changes in net assets without donor restrictions.

Other Income, Net – Such revenue consists mainly of sales from the College bookstore and from campus events. The revenues are earned and recognized over the course of each term as the goods and services are delivered.

Receivables and Student Loans, Net — Collectability of student accounts, notes receivable, and contributions receivable are reviewed both individually and in the aggregate. Allowances have been established based on experience, and balances deemed uncollectible are written off through a charge to bad debt expense or the provision for doubtful accounts and a decrease to accounts, notes, or contributions receivable. The College follows federal guidelines for determining when student loans are delinquent or past due for both federal and institutional loans.

Expenses By Function – Personnel costs, including salaries and benefits, represent the College's primary operating expense. Personnel costs and other operating expenses such as services and supplies, communications, and travel are presented by functional areas in the consolidated statements of activities. The cost of operation and maintenance of the physical plant, including the related depreciation and interest costs, is allocated to each functional area based on the estimated square footage used by the function. The College defines its five functional areas as follows:

Instruction – These costs include faculty salaries, related benefits, and other direct costs related to teaching.

Academic Support – These are costs that support the instructional process, but are not directly related to teaching such as the library, academic technology, student academic resources, the theater, and offices directly supporting faculty such as offices of the Provost and Off Campus Studies.

Student Services – These are costs to help students succeed in their academic mission and to enhance their overall experience at Whitman. This function includes such services as counseling and health services, admission, financial aid, and the registrar. This function also includes co-curricular programs outside of the classroom such as athletics, internships, and the Outing Program and offices such as the Vice President for Student Affairs.

Institutional Support – These are costs incurred to carry out the administration of the College such as the offices of the President and Treasurer, fundraising, communications, human resources, business, administrative technology, safety, and security.

Auxiliary Operations – These costs include student housing, food services, and the bookstore. The distinguishing characteristic of auxiliary operations is that they are managed as an essentially self-supporting activity.

Reclassification – Certain items previously reported in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for consistency with current year presentations. These reclassifications had no net effect on the College's financial position, activities and changes in net assets, or cash flows.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Basis of Presentation (continued)

Release From Restrictions – Net assets are released from donor restrictions once the purpose for which the net assets were restricted or the completion of a time stipulation is satisfied. Restricted operating activity including contributions and net investment return earned are reported as net assets with donor restrictions and reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions when any donor-imposed restrictions are satisfied. Nonoperating restricted net assets associated with building costs are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions when the related capital asset is placed in service.

Federal Income Taxes – Whitman College is a qualified not-for-profit organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and as such, is generally exempt from federal taxation of income. Contributions to the College are generally tax deductible. The 21st Century Trust is a separate qualified 501(c)(3) tax entity that is consolidated in these financial statements. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, management estimates that the College has generated unrelated business income tax from its investment activity of approximately \$8,000 and \$8,205, respectively, which is taxed at the federal corporate tax rate of 21%. All of the College's net operating losses that were carried forward from previous fiscal years of approximately \$4,191 were utilized as of June 30, 2021, thus none are available for the year ended June 30, 2022. As a result, management estimates that the College has incurred a tax liability plus potential underpayment penalties at June 30, 2022 and 2021 totaling approximately \$1,700 and \$865, respectively, of which \$800 and \$865, respectively, net of tax estimates paid, have been recorded as federal income taxes payable on the consolidated statements of financial position.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Act) was enacted. The Act impacts the College in the addition of a Federal excise tax of 1.4% on its net investment income, of which the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is the first year that the College is paying this excise tax, due to meeting the threshold of its endowment value being over \$500 per tuition paying student as of June 30, 2021. The College records an estimate for related tax expense based on currently available regulatory guidance of the Act, and continues to evaluate the impact of the Act on current and future tax positions. An estimate of the College's tax liability for the Federal excise tax is \$700 at June 30, 2022, which has been recorded as federal income taxes payable on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Risks and Uncertainties – The financial instruments of the College are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. The College seeks to mitigate such risks through prudent investment strategies such as diversified asset classes and investment managers. Due to such risks and market volatility, the values and related activity reported in the consolidated financial statements can vary substantially from year-to-year. Such variations could be material to the consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements – On September 17, 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-07 on Topic 958, *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*. The FASB ASU requires nonprofits to change their financial statement presentation and disclosure of contributed nonfinancial assets, or gifts-in-kind. The FASB issued the update in an effort to improve transparency in reporting nonprofit gifts-in-kind. The FASB ASU requires the new standard to be applied retrospectively, with amendments taking effect for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The College has adopted ASU 2020-07 for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the adoption of this guidance had no material effect on the College's consolidated statement of financial position, activities, or cash flow.

Note 2 - Receivables and Student Loans, Net and Related Parties

	2022		2021	
Accounts Receivable Student and other accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	773 (46)	\$	673 (40)
Total accounts receivable, net	\$	727	\$	633
	2	2022		2021
Student Loans				
Federal perkins loan program	\$	750	\$	1,038
	\$	750 (12)	\$	1,038 (16)

Federal Perkins Loan Program – Program amounts due are guaranteed by the government and student borrowers are not required to put up collateral or obtain co-signers. Qualifying borrowers may, under certain circumstances, defer principal payments and the interest and/or principal may be forgiven. Total government program funds of \$989 and \$1,276 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are ultimately refundable to the federal government. The federal government has ceased funding of the program as of July 1, 2017.

Allowances for doubtful accounts are established based upon prior collection experience and current economic factors, which could influence the borrower's ability to repay per loan terms. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the past due loan amounts were \$175 and \$177, respectively.

Contributions and Trusts – Revenue related to unconditional promises to give is recorded when pledged at the net present value of the expected future inflows of cash using discount rates from 0.6% to 6.5%.

	2022		2021	
Within one year Between one and five years More than five years	\$	3,020 3,760 16,013	\$	6,063 6,885 18,307
Total contributions and trusts receivable, gross		22,793		31,255
Less allowance for uncollectible contributions Less discount to present value		(296) (4,589)		(566) (5,524)
Total contributions and trusts receivable, net	\$	17,908	\$	25,165

The College is the recipient of promises to give made by parties related to the College. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, such promises amounted to \$5,176 and \$9,769, respectively, at net present value. Of the net present value outstanding at June 30, 2022, \$1,553 was from two parties related to the College.

Note 2 – Receivables and Student Loans, Net and Related Parties (continued)

Contributions and trusts receivable are intended to be used for the following purposes:

	 2022		2021
Undesignated	\$ 2,231	\$	4,339
Operations	4,340		5,084
Plant projects	969		1,511
Endowments	 15,253		20,321
Total contributions and trusts receivable, gross	\$ 22,793	\$	31,255

Note 3 – Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment consisted of the following at June 30:

	2022	2021
Buildings Accumulated depreciation	\$ 252,376 (110,055)	\$ 249,187 (103,894)
Net book value of buildings	142,321	145,293
Land Construction in progress	16,769 1,670	16,601 2,400
Net book value of land and buildings	160,760	164,294
Equipment and books Accumulated depreciation	4,366 (2,617)	4,288 (2,533)
Net book value of equipment and books	1,749	1,755
Collections	3,178	2,559
Net book value of property, plant, and equipment	\$ 165,687	\$ 168,608

The College has commitments on outstanding construction contracts of \$2,405 as of June 30, 2022. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, interest costs of \$66 and \$156, respectively, were capitalized into the cost of buildings.

Note 4 - Split-Interest Agreements

The College has legal title to certain annuity and life income agreements, subject to interests of beneficiaries, composed predominantly of charitable remainder annuity trusts, charitable remainder unitrusts, and perpetual trusts held by third parties. The contracted payments to the beneficiaries take precedence over any other financial claims upon the College.

Actuarial methods are used to record annuity and life income contracts and agreements where the beneficiary of the agreement is guaranteed annual amounts either by specified amounts or percentages of the value of the trusts. The account is credited with investment income and gains, and is charged with investment losses and payments to beneficiaries. Actuarial gains and losses are adjusted annually against the liability account. The liability is based on the present value of estimated future payments discounted at rates between 1.2% and 9.2% either over specified periods or lives estimated according to IRS mortality tables. No obligation has been recorded for contracts that do not guarantee a payment amount. Of the total split-interest contracts payable, the College had obligations for annuity contract payments of \$2,860 and \$3,076 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, total assets held by the College under split-interest agreements amounted to \$29,852 and \$33,598, respectively, and of those totals, \$27,374 and \$30,980, respectively, are included in investments restricted for donor purposes. These investment assets are presented as commingled trusts in the fair value footnote. The College had time and purpose restricted split interest agreements of \$14,642 and \$16,437 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These amounts are presented in the Net Assets note 10 within total net assets with and without donor restrictions.

The College maintains reserves in compliance with applicable state requirements for contracts issued in the respective states. In accordance with state annuity requirements at June 30, 2022, the College has reserves of \$457 for the state of California and \$2,134 for the state of Washington.

Note 5 - Other Long-Term Obligations

Asset Retirement Obligation – The College has accrued obligations for costs required by law to be incurred relative to the retirement of certain College plant assets. At Whitman, such issues generally involve asbestos abatement costs at the retirement of certain buildings. At demolition or renovation, appropriate abatement procedures and the related costs are a legal requirement. The related costs are capitalized and each obligation is carried at the estimated net present value of the expected future costs required at retirement. The Asset Retirement Obligation at June 30, 2022 and 2021, is valued at \$988 and \$954, respectively. These amounts are presented in other long-term obligations on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Health Insurance Terminal Obligation – The College has accrued an obligation for estimated costs that would be incurred if the College's health insurance plan were terminated. The value of such termination costs at June 30, 2022 and 2021, is estimated to be \$561 and \$595, respectively. These amounts are presented in other long-term obligations on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Note 5 – Other Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Postretirement Benefit Plan – The College provides postretirement health benefits for all employees who were full-time employees hired prior to June 30, 1992, and retire after reaching a specified age with 10 years of service. Employees terminating prior to meeting age and length of service eligibility are not covered under the program. A small number of the currently retired and fully eligible active plan participants under the program are participating in the College's regular health insurance program or modified cost reimbursement under Medicare Supplement. All other participants are limited to the cost of the Medicare supplement at the rate established July 1, 1992, adjusted annually by not more than 5%.

The calculation and current assumptions used by the College are periodically reviewed by an actuary. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College utilized 4.34% and 2.62% discount rates, respectively, to determine the actuarial present value of the obligation, and a 6% health care cost trend rate for both years. A 1.0% increase in each year of the annual trend rate would increase the accumulated obligation by approximately \$432 and increase the benefit cost components by approximately \$22 for the year. Projected annual benefit payments for the five years after June 30, 2022, are estimated to average \$248 and the total payment amount for the following five years is an estimated \$1,585.

	2022	 2021
Post-retirement benefit cost	 	
Benefits earned	\$ 24	\$ 48
Interest accrued on benefits earned in prior years	 212	 163
Total post-retirement benefit cost	\$ 236	\$ 211
Post-retirement benefits paid	\$ 214	\$ 202
Post-retirement benefit obligation		
Current retirees	\$ 1,440	\$ 2,511
Active plan participants	 3,435	 3,728
Total accumulated benefit obligation	\$ 4,875	\$ 6,239
Board designated investments to fund obligation	\$ 7,304	\$ 9,188

The total accumulated benefit obligation is presented in other long-term obligations on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Note 6 - Retirement Plan

The College eligible staff and faculty may participate in a qualified, defined contribution pension plan, which is administered by TIAA. The plan is available to substantially all full-time employees and is funded by employee and College contributions, which are based on levels of compensation.

From August 2020 through June 2021, the College temporarily suspended College contributions due to unforeseen circumstances surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic. On August 16, 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a one-time 10% (5% for cabinet officers and none for faculty salary continuation plan participants) retro-active College contribution to be made only for employees still working for the college as of June 30, 2021. The contribution was paid in August 2021 for the total amount of approximately \$2,829 for the 2020-2021 plan year, which has been recorded as a liability on the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2021. The College's contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$3,152 and \$3,200, respectively.

Note 7 - Bonds Payable

The state of Washington provides taxable and tax-exempt financing capacity to private higher education institutions sited in the state, through Washington Higher Education Facilities Authority (WHEFA). Such bonds were issued on behalf of Whitman College, and are secured by the general revenues of the College. The related premium, discounts, and issuance costs for each bond issue are amortized using the effective-interest method until maturity. The College's long-term credit rating is "AA3" by Moody's Investor Service, Inc.

On November 23, 2004, WHEFA issued \$28,770 of variable rate, tax-exempt bonds on behalf of the College to refund bonds previously issued in 1999. The bonds required a single principal payment due October 1, 2029, and were issued at a net discount of \$95. The bonds bear interest at a rate determined weekly through the remarketing process. The College, through an agreement with JP Morgan Chase Bank as the counterparty, had exchanged the variable rate for a fixed rate of 4.34% for the life of the loan. These bonds were refinanced with the Series 2021B taxable revenue refunding bonds issued by WHEFA on November 30, 2021.

On June 18, 2008, WHEFA issued \$30,395 of variable rate, tax-exempt bonds on behalf of the College to finance building renovations and partially fund a new building. The bonds required annual principal payments through January 1, 2038, and were issued at a net discount of \$112. The bonds bear interest at a rate determined weekly through the remarketing process. The College, through an agreement with Bank of New York Mellon as the counterparty, had exchanged the variable rate for a fixed rate of 3.37% for the life of the loan. These bonds were refinanced with the Series 2021A tax-exempt revenue refunding bonds issued by WHEFA on November 30, 2021.

On January 5, 2017, WHEFA issued \$17,705 of fixed rate, tax-exempt bonds on behalf of the College to finance two new buildings, a dining commons, and residence hall. The bonds require annual principal payments starting January 1, 2019, through January 1, 2047, and were issued at a net premium of \$599. The bonds are secured by revenues, gains, and other support without donor restriction and bear rates between 4% and 5%, which averaged 4.40% for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 7 – Bonds Payable (continued)

On November 30, 2021, WHEFA issued \$21,825 of fixed rate, taxable bonds Series 2021A and \$36,240 of fixed rate, tax-exempt bonds Series 2021B on behalf of the College to refinance the Series 2008 and Series 2004 bonds previously issued, respectively. The proceeds of these Series 2021A and 2021B bonds also paid off the interest rate exchange agreements that were valued at \$4,491 and \$7,014 respectively at closing. The Series 2021A bonds require annual principal payments starting January 1, 2023 through January 1, 2038, and were issued at a net premium of \$4,318. The bonds bear interest rates between 4% and 5%, which averaged 4.53% for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Series 2021B bonds require a single principal payment due January 1, 2029 and bear interest at 2.34%. Both bonds are secured by revenues, gains, and other support without donor restrictions.

	2022	2021
Series 2004, Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds (Tax-Exempt)	\$ -	\$ 28,770
Series 2008, Variable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds (Tax-Exempt) Series 2017, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Tax-Exempt)	- 16,415	22,290 16,755
Series 2021A, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Tax-Exempt) Series 2021B, Revenue Refunding Bonds (Taxable)	21,825 36,240	-
Subtotal WHEFA bonds	74,480	67,815
Unamortized bond premiums Unamortized bond discounts and issuance costs	4,543 (965)	499 (600)
Subtotal unamortized bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs	3,578	 (101)
Total bonds payable	\$ 78,058	\$ 67,714

The bond agreements contain various restrictive covenants of which management believes the College is in compliance. The fair value of bonds payable at June 30, 2022, approximates \$73,898 based on discounting the future cash flows through the scheduled maturities at rates available at June 30, 2022. The following schedules are the approximate principal payments required for these bonds.

June 30, 2023	\$ 1,245
June 30, 2024	1,380
June 30, 2025	1,450
June 30, 2026	1,520
June 30, 2027	1,595
Thereafter	 67,290
	\$ 74,480

The 2004 and 2008 issues were structured to pay a variable rate of interest. The College, seeking to curtail exposure to rising interest rates and variable debt payments, entered into interest rate exchange agreements for each of those bond issues to synthetically convert the entire notional amount of each issue to a fixed rate of interest. The agreements were terminated before the maturity date with an adjustment with the counterparty for the respective agreement's fair value at the termination date. The net changes in the fair value of these agreements for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounted to a realized gain of \$1,179 and an unrealized gain of \$4,203, respectively. These year-to-year changes are recorded in the nonoperating section of the consolidated statements of activities.

Note 8 - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair Value Measurements – The College's investments and interest rate exchange agreements are stated at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of assets or liabilities should be based on assumptions market participants would use.

The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs reflecting unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices observable for the assets or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets not considered active or quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary by instrument and can be affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type, whether it is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the instrument. To the extent valuations are based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market existed. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input significant to the fair value measurement. There have been no changes in valuation methodologies used at June 30, 2022 or 2021.

Investments in marketable securities, consisting of fixed income funds, balanced funds, and domestic equity funds, are valued based on quoted market prices and are typically classified within Level 1.

Where available, audited investment net asset values are used as a starting point to establish fair value. The College reviews such net asset values for possible adjustments to arrive at fair value. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no adjustments made to net asset values provided by investment managers.

The commingled trusts are composed of individual annuity trusts, unitrusts, and funds held on Whitman's behalf by other entities. Whitman College is the trustee for the annuity trusts and unitrusts. Such trusts are allocated to a varying mix of publicly traded equity and fixed income securities and real estate investment trusts. These trusts are generally held in trust for the life or lives of the respective beneficiaries or for a set period of time. Funds held on Whitman's behalf by other entities are largely invested in publicly traded equity and fixed income securities, but some are also invested in farm real estate and private notes. Where applicable, market values of such trusts are recorded based on the College's pro-rata share of the trust. These funds are intended to be held in trust by these other entities in perpetuity.

Note 8 - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Investments that are valued utilizing unobservable inputs and commingled trusts, which are illiquid by nature of the trust, are classified within Level 3. The managers and trustees of such assets generally value their underlying investments at fair value and in accordance with fair value accounting. Investments with no readily available market are generally valued according to the estimated fair value, which attempts to apply a fair value standard by referring to meaningful third-party transactions, comparable public market valuations, and/or the income approach. Consideration is also given to the financial condition and operating results of the investment, the amount a fund can reasonably expect to realize upon the sale of an investment, and any other factors deemed relevant. Investments with a readily available market (listed on a securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter market) are valued at quoted market prices or at an appropriate discount from such price if marketability of the securities is restricted.

The College measures the fair value for certain investments that are not exchange traded using net asset value as a practical expedient. The practical expedient would not be used if it was determined to be probable that the College will sell the investment for an amount different from the reported net asset value. In accordance with FASB ASC Subtopic 820-10, an investment measured at fair value using the net asset value per share practical expedient has not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables show the College's assets and liabilities, which are stated at fair value, and how they are classified within the valuation hierarchy.

As of June 30, 2022	Level I	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments Marketable securities Commingled trusts Alternative investments	\$ 111,960 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 42,062 <u>42</u>	\$ 111,960 42,062 42
	\$ 111,960	\$ -	\$ 42,104	154,064
Investments measured at net asset value Equity (long only) funds Alternative investments				261,692 285,789
				547,481
Total investments				\$ 701,545
Interest rate exchange agreements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Note 8 - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

As of June 30, 2021	Level I		 _evel 2	 _evel 3	Total
Investments Marketable securities Commingled trusts Alternative investments	\$ 112,05	63 - <u>-</u>	\$ - - -	\$ - 49,367 42	\$ 112,053 49,367 42
	\$ 112,05	<u>i3</u>	\$ 	\$ 49,409	161,462
Investments measured at net asset value Equity (long only) funds Alternative investments					376,783 359,241
					736,024
Total investments					\$ 897,486
Interest rate exchange agreements	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (12,684)	\$ 	\$ (12,684)

Marketable securities held at June 30, 2022 and 2021, are summarized as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Fixed income funds Balanced funds Domestic equity funds	\$ 54,438 1,514 56,008	\$ 39,930 1,805 70,318
Total	\$ 111,960	\$ 112,053

Below additional information about Level 3 assets measured at fair value is presented. Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair value of positions the College has classified within the Level 3 category. As a result, the unrealized gains and losses for assets within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value attributable to both observable (e.g., changes in market interest rates) and unobservable (e.g., changes to the investment manager's internal valuation models) inputs. Total gains and (losses) in the table below are shown in the consolidated statements of activities. The College's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances causing the transfer.

Note 8 - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

	nmingled Trusts		rnative tments	Total
Level 3 beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 49,367	\$	42	\$ 49,409
Investment return / (loss), net	(7,016)		47	(6,969)
Purchases	2,858		-	2,858
Sales	 (3,147)		(47)	 (3,194)
Level 3 ending balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 42,062	\$	42	\$ 42,104
	nmingled Trusts		native tments	Total
Level 3 beginning balance, July 1, 2020	_			\$ Total 40,337
Level 3 beginning balance, July 1, 2020 Investment return / (loss), net	 Trusts	Inves	tments	\$
	 Trusts 40,295	Inves	tments 42	\$ 40,337
Investment return / (loss), net	 40,295 11,505	Inves	tments 42	\$ 40,337 11,509

Investment return / (loss), net is reflected in the consolidated statements of activities in both operating and nonoperating activities. Included in the consolidated statements of activities for Level 3 assets on hand at June 30, 2022 and 2021, is a gain of \$7,396 and a gain of \$11,970, respectively.

The fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption restrictions for investments reported at net asset value as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	 r Value at e 30, 2022	-	nfunded nmitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Equity (long only) funds (a)	\$ 261,692	\$	-	Daily-three years	10-90 days
Alternative investments (b)	\$ 689 21,643 263,457	\$ \$ \$	- - 99,143	At least quarterly Beyond quarterly up to 3 years Greater than 3 years	30-65 days 45-90 days N/A
Total alternative investments	\$ 285,789				

Note 8 - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

The unfunded commitments of \$99,143 represent the College's commitment to make additional investments in 34 limited partnerships.

- (a) Equity (long only) funds are commingled funds whose managers invest in publicly traded domestic and international securities. Some funds participating in securities lending programs may be invested in short-term investment vehicles collateralized by cash, US Treasury, and/or government agency issues. Investments are well diversified geographically, but managers may overweight investments in specific markets opportunistically.
- (b) The managers of alternative investment funds use a variety of strategies and vehicles to benefit from perceived mispricings in investment markets or to manage risk within their portfolios. Underlying holdings include the following:
 - Private securities are illiquid securities, most of which were donated to the College. A portion
 of these assets are held for their income generating capacity while others will be sold at the
 next available opportunity.
 - Private equity limited partnerships invest in distressed, relative value, venture, buyout, and merger opportunities. Holdings are composed of private equity and debt. There are no redemption rights available for investors other than the liquidation of assets held by the fund, which will result in a distribution of capital to investors.
 - Hedged equity fund managers invest in global long/short primarily publicly traded equities, but also have exposure in private equity, debt, and derivatives.
 - Real asset fund limited partnerships are invested primarily in energy, commodities, and real estate sectors through real asset holdings, as well as public/private equity and debt instruments.
 - Absolute return funds invest to achieve consistent positive returns regardless of the direction
 of financial markets through the use of arbitrage strategies, as well as investments in distressed
 securities, long/short equity, and private market transactions.

Alternative investments are based on valuations provided by the external investment managers. The Investment Committee, in conjunction with the external investment advisors, monitors and analyzes the valuation of the investments other than commingled trusts on a quarterly basis. The valuations consider variables such as financial performance of investments, recent sales prices of investments, and other pertinent information.

Note 8 - Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Investment returns or losses and classification according to purpose for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, are summarized as follows:

	2022	2021
Investment return / (loss), net		
Interest and dividend income	\$ 6,068	\$ 7,960
Realized net gains	16,976	25,173
Unrealized net gain / (loss)	(192,093)	310,955
Expenses	(794)	(45,293)
Total investment return / (loss), net	\$ (169,843)	\$ 298,795
Investments according to purpose		
Donor-restricted endowment	\$ 466,113	\$ 570,809
Board-designated endowment	189,348	241,906
Total endowment investments	655,461	812,715
Other, trusts and reserves	46,084	84,771
Total investments	\$ 701,545	\$ 897,486

Note 9 - Financial Assets Liquidity

The College's financial assets comprised the following at June 30:

	2022	2021
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 63,454	\$ 36,529
Accounts receivable, net	727	633
Student loans, net	738	1,022
Contributions and trusts receivable, net	17,908	25,165
Investments	701,545	897,486
Total financial assets	\$ 784,372	\$ 960,835

Of those financial assets, the following could readily be made available within one year to meet the general expenses of the College at June 30:

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,737	\$ 27,436
Accounts receivable, net	727	633
Contributions and trusts receivable, net	340	632
Investments	32,189	31,326
Total financial assets available	\$ 66,993	\$ 60,027

Note 9 – Financial Assets Liquidity (continued)

The College monitors liquidity required to meet its operating needs and other contractual commitments, while also striving to maximize the investment of its available funds. For purposes of analyzing resources available to meet general expenditures over a 12-month period, the College considers all expenses related to and supporting its ongoing mission-related activities.

Student loans receivable are part of a federal program and are not available to meet general expenditures.

In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenses within one year, the following amounts are expected to be released from donor-restricted and board-designated financial assets over the next 12 months to meet expected future construction costs at June 30:

	 2022	 2021
Board-designated Donor-restricted	\$ 4,098 1,163	\$ 1,973 1,200
	\$ 5,261	\$ 3,173

In addition to financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months, the College operates with a balanced budget and anticipates collecting sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures not covered by donor-restricted resources.

The College's governing board has designated a portion of its resources without donor restrictions for endowment and other purposes. These funds are invested for long-term appreciation and current income but remain available and may be spent at the discretion of the board. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the following amounts were designated for specific purposes by the board:

	2022	2021
Enrollment reserve	\$ 2,717	\$ 3,252
Capital construction reserve	31,267	41,230
Board-designated endowment	189,348	241,906
	\$ 223,332	\$ 286,388

Note 10 - Net Assets

Total Net Assets – The College's total net assets with donor restrictions consist of assets that are restricted to time or purpose, and assets held in perpetuity. Of the \$501,664 and \$617,417 total net assets with donor restrictions, total net assets held in perpetuity were \$224,119 and \$206,075 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

	2022	2021
Without donor restrictions		
Operations and reserves	\$ 28,442	\$ 23,580
Plant related	109,833	116,873
Board designated endowment	189,348	241,906
Trusts and other	5,432	6,088
Split-interest agreements	1,298	1,874
Total net assets without donor restrictions	\$ 334,353	\$ 390,321
With donor restrictions		
Operations and reserves	\$ 17,706	\$ 20,554
Plant related	625	1,207
Donor restricted endowment	466,113	570,809
Trusts and other	2,575	8,410
Split-interest agreements	14,642	16,437
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 501,661	\$ 617,417

Expendable Net Assets – The College's expendable net assets are those available for operations and is calculated by taking total net assets, less net assets held for perpetuity; less annuities, term endowments & life income funds with donor restrictions; less net property, plant, and equipment; less unsecured related-party receivables; plus all long-term debt and operating lease liabilities; and plus post-employment and defined pension liabilities. Expendable net assets were \$505,745 and \$680,903 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Endowment Net Assets – The College's endowment consists of approximately 1,017 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. These funds include donor-restricted endowment funds, funds designated by the Board of Trustees to function as endowment, and certain funds held in trust by others. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The College is subject to the requirements of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as enacted by the state of Washington. The College's Board of Trustees has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the College classifies as net assets with donor restrictions required to be held in perpetuity as (a) the original value of the gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the endowment, and (c) accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument in force at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

The remaining portion of a donor-restricted endowment fund that is not required to be held in perpetuity is classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the College in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the College considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purposes of the College and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the College

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund and restriction are as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
As of June 30, 2022 Held for a specific period or purpose Held in perpetuity Board-designated	\$ - 189,348	\$ 254,515 211,598	\$ 254,515 211,598 189,348
Total endowment net assets	\$ 189,348	\$ 466,113	\$ 655,461
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
As of June 30, 2021 Held for a specific period or purpose Held in perpetuity Board-designated	Donor	Donor	* 380,990 189,819 241,906

Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

Changes in endowment net assets consisted of the following:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	June 30, 2022			
Beginning balance	\$ 241,906	\$ 570,809	\$ 812,715			
Investment return / (loss), net	(44,797)	(109,709)	(154,506)			
Contributions and other Endowment payout Transfers to endowment funds	6 (10,407) 2,640	21,833 (16,820) -	21,839 (27,227) 2,640			
Ending balance	\$ 189,348	\$ 466,113	\$ 655,461			
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	June 30, 2021			
Beginning balance	Donor	Donor	=			
Beginning balance Investment return (loss), net	Donor Restrictions	Donor Restrictions	2021			
	Donor Restrictions \$ 164,934	Donor Restrictions \$ 395,719	2021 \$ 560,653			

As shown above, investment loss, net, without donor restrictions was \$44,797 less the endowment payout of \$10,407, for a total endowment loss, net of appropriations for operations, of \$55,204 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Return objectives and risk parameters – The College has adopted investment policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by their endowments and maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. The investment policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, provides general investment guidelines as follows:

Target	Acceptable Ranges
5.0%	0.0%-15.0%
40.0%	30.0%-50.0%
35.0%	25.0%-45.0%
20.0%	15.0%–25.0%
100%	
	5.0% 40.0% 35.0% 20.0%

Note 10 - Net Assets (continued)

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives – To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the College relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The College targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints. Actual returns in any given year are expected to vary from the payout rate.

Performance of the College's investments is reviewed by the College's Investment Committee and reported to the College's Board of Trustees on at least a quarterly basis.

Spending Policy – The Board of Trustees authorizes the annual endowment support to operations. The spending rate will be periodically reviewed by the College Investment Committee to reassess anticipated future rates of inflation and the total return on investments. Typically, at least one year's earnings will be accumulated in a new endowment before expenditures begin. Endowment support to operations in the consolidated statements of activities is based on a percentage of the average values for a 12-quarter period lagging one full year. Such percentage for June 30, 2022 and 2021, was 5%. To this amount is added a six-year average of the net income from the College's farms. Deficiencies, should they occur, could be due to the result of unfavorable market fluctuations, or the Board of Trustees' policy, which allows them to continue appropriations from funds with deficiencies. Such deficiencies amounted to \$2,019 as of June 30, 2022 for 25 endowment funds with an original gift value of \$21,821 as of June 30, 2022. There were no endowment fund deficiencies for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Unconsolidated Net Assets – Whitman's net assets without donor restrictions at June 30, 2022, belong to the two consolidated entities as follows:

21st Century Trust \$ 1 The Board of Trustees of Whitman College \$ 334,352

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies

The College has adopted a self-insured health program, which provides for the payment or reimbursement of all or a portion of eligible medical, prescription drug, vision, and dental expenses. The College is self-insured up to the first \$100 for each occurrence and has aggregate loss insurance to cover all medical costs in excess of 120% of expected costs. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include an additional liability, in excess of the health insurance terminal obligation, of \$2,774 and \$3,118 (included in accrued compensation and benefits on the consolidated statements of financial position) at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The overall liability is based upon management's review and an independent third-party claims administrator for claims incurred but not reported at year-end. The College maintains a separate cash account, as reserves, to meet these estimated claims.

The College has a \$6,500 unsecured line of credit, which matured May 31, 2021, and was subsequently renewed with a maturity of December 31, 2022. Interest is based on the New York Prime Rate (4.75% at June 30, 2022) plus 1.50%. There was no balance outstanding at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Note 11 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The College is subject to legal proceedings arising in the normal course of its various activities. The eventuality of legal action, or further, the liability from any such potential action, is subject to a great degree of uncertainty. Management currently believes the resolution of all such matters would not have a material effect on these consolidated financial statements.

Note 12 - Other Income, Net

Other income on the consolidated statements of activities is presented in both the operating and nonoperating sections. This other income consists primarily of College bookstore revenues and net revenues from rental properties and farming activities. Such income in the operating section is primarily revenues from the College bookstore. The expenses related to the bookstore are shown in auxiliary expenses. Such income in the nonoperating section includes all of the College's farming and most of its rental property activity. The College's total other income related to farm and rental property activities is shown net of expenses. Those expenses total \$1,217 and \$1,131 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College had future commitments to provide grain, on forward contracts, in the amount of \$228 and \$0, respectively.

Note 13 - Analysis of Expense by Function and Natural Categories

	June 30, 2022										
	Ins	struction		cademic Support		tudent ervices		titutional upport	uxiliary erations		Total
Personnel	\$	25,946	\$	5,753	\$	8,116	\$	8,647	\$ 2,518	\$	50,980
Services and supplies		2,298		3,773		4,842		4,634	6,574		22,121
Communications		73		46		332		756	66		1,273
Travel		325		499		1,698		770	75		3,367
Utilities		330		253		215		59	1,160		2,017
Interest		621		478		406		143	741		2,389
Depreciation and amortization		2,204		1,696		1,441		509	 2,628		8,478
Total expense	\$	31,797	\$	12,498	\$	17,050	\$	15,518	\$ 13,762	\$	90,625
Fund-raising costs (included in the i	netitution	al cunnort	funct	tion)			¢	3.460			

Fund-raising costs (included in the institutional support function)	\$ 3,460

	June 30, 2021											
	Ins	struction		ademic upport		tudent ervices		titutional upport		uxiliary erations		Total
Personnel	\$	24,566	\$	5,227	\$	6,801	\$	9,038	\$	2,546	\$	48,178
Services and supplies		1,101		3,152		3,085		4,604		3,371		15,313
Communications		24		14		335		738		82		1,193
Travel		22		57		402		222		32		735
Utilities		293		226		192		49		916		1,676
Interest		682		525		446		157		813		2,623
Depreciation and amortization		2,152		1,655		1,407		497		2,566		8,277
Total expense	\$	28,840	\$	10,856	\$	12,668	\$	15,305	\$	10,326	\$	77,995

Fund-raising costs (included in the institutional support function) \$ 3,103

Note 14 - Net Assets Released from Restrictions

	 2022	2021
Institutional financial aid Functional expenses, primarily instruction and academic support	\$ 12,286 11,138	\$ 10,158 5,054
Total release for operations	23,424	15,212
Matured life contracts Other	 516 7,039	344 6,396
Total release for nonoperations	 7,555	6,740
Total release from restrictions	\$ 30,979	\$ 21,952

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for the period after June 30, 2022, through November 11, 2022, the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

Note 16 - Risks and Uncertainties

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic. The related adverse public health developments, including orders to shelter-in-place, travel restrictions, and mandated business closures, have adversely affected workforces, organizations, their customers, economies, and financial markets globally, leading to increased market volatility and disruptions in normal business operations, including the College's operations.

As part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Securities (CARES) Act 2020, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act 2021 (CRRSSA), and the American Rescue Plan Act 2021 (ARPA) passed by Congress and signed into law, the College was awarded \$3,913 total in COVID-19 Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds through the Education Stabilization Fund. Of these emergency funds, \$1,775 were allocated for direct student awards and \$2,138 were allocated for institutional aid. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College distributed \$938 and \$562, respectively, of these emergency funds directly to students. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the College spent \$0 and \$1,863, respectively, of these emergency funds to cover institutional costs such as equipment needed to provide virtual instruction, to help offset room and board refunds to students, and implementation of campus safety and protocols. As of June 30, 2022, all awarded funding under these programs have been fully utilized and recognized as revenue.

As COVID-19 becomes endemic, the College will continue to closely monitor its impact on its operations, including the impact on its students and employees. The duration and intensity of the economic uncertainty may influence student enrollment and housing decisions, donor decisions, investment performance, employee retention and morale, and may also negatively impact collections of College receivables. The College will take any appropriate steps as necessary to minimize the financial impact.



Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Trustees Whitman College

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Whitman College, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Whitman College as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Whitman College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Whitman College's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- · Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Whitman College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Whitman College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the schedule of financial responsibility data (supplementary information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The Letter from the Chief Financial Officer and Controller and Consolidated Financial Statement Certification have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2022, on our consideration of Whitman College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Whitman College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Whitman College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Yakima, Washington

Moss Adams UP

November 11, 2022

We, the undersigned, certify that:

- 1. We have reviewed the consolidated financial statements of Whitman College (the College) for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.
- 2. Based on our knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary for the consolidated financial statements not to be misleading to the reader.
- 3. Based on our knowledge, the consolidated financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the College as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report.
- 4. The undersigned are responsible for establishing and maintaining controls and procedures designed to ensure that the consolidated financial statements of the College are materially correct and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. To that end we have:
 - a. designed such controls and procedures, or caused such controls and procedures, to be designed under our direction to ensure that material information relating to the College is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared; and
 - b. evaluated the effectiveness of the College's controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report.
- 5. The undersigned have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the College's auditors and the College's Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees of Whitman College:
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to affect, adversely, the College's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the College's internal control over financial reporting.

Dr. Sarah R. Bolton, President

November 11, 2022

Date

Officer



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees Whitman College

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Whitman College, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered Whitman College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Whitman College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Whitman College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Whitman College's consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Whitman College's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the consolidated financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Yakima, Washington

Moss Adams UP

November 11, 2022



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees Whitman College

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Whitman College's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Whitman College's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Whitman College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Whitman College complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Whitman College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Whitman College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Whitman College's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Whitman College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Whitman College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Whitman College's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Whitman College's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Whitman College's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Yakima, Washington

Moss Adams UP

November 11, 2022

Section I – Summary of Au	ıditor's Re	esults	
		11111	
Financial Statements			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodifi	ied	
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☑ No☑ None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☑ No☑ None reported	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR, Section 200.516(a)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No	
Identification of major federal programs and type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s) Name of Federal Program or 0	Cluster	Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance fo Major Federal Programs	or
Various Student Financial Assistance 0	Cluster	Unmodified	\neg
84.425E Education Stabilization Fund (COVI Higher Education Emergency Re	•		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750	0,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	⊠ Yes	□ No	
Section II – Financial State	ement Fin	ndings	
None reported			
Section III – Federal Award Finding	s and Que	estioned Costs	
None reported			



Business Office

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding 2021-001 Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Condition and Context:

The auditors selected a sample of 45 students from the population of students who had received Federal aid and had withdrawn or graduated from the College during the 2020-2021 fiscal year. The auditors compared the significant data elements under the Campus-Level and Program-Level Records that ED considers high risk as reported to NSLDS to the data included in the student's academic records, other institutional records, and the withdrawal or graduation date per the College's records.

The auditors noted an exception with eight out of the 45 students tested (18%) when testing the student's Enrollment Effective Date and CIP Code. Five students were reported under a CIP code that is not accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities ("NWCCU") and four students' enrollment effective date at either the campus-level or program-level did not agree with the College's academic records.

Recommendation:

The auditors recommend the College implement policies and procedures to ensure all CIP codes being used by the College are properly accredited by NWCCU. In addition, the auditors recommend, the College implement policies and procedures to ensure all campus-level and program-level detail that ED considers high risk is accurately reported to NSLDS. Lastly, the auditors recommend the College establish a formal internal monitoring control whereby a designated individual with NSLDS access, on a sample basis, spot checks the information on NSLDS so to internally audit the National Student Clearinghouse ("NSC") submissions not only for timeliness, but for accuracy as well.

Current Status:

This finding has been corrected. The College's Registrar has worked with the NWCCU to update our UNDC (undeclared) CIP Code. The Registrar ran internal reports to ensure that all of the College's CIP codes match a CIP code that the College is accredited for through the NWCCU and any errors discovered were immediately corrected in February 2022. The College has also instituted an annual meeting in May to review these CIP Codes, make changes, and assign new CIP Codes to new majors that were submitted throughout the year. These individuals include: the Registrar, Chair of the Faculty, NWCCU Accreditation Liaison, Financial Aid Director, IR Director, Curriculum Committee Chair, and IT Director. During these annual meetings, the College runs audits to ensure all programs and majors in Colleague (our SIS) are in alignment with reported CIP codes to the NWCCU.

The Registrar's Office has implemented a monthly reporting schedule to ensure timely and accurate reporting to NSLDS. In addition, the Registrar's Office notifies the Office of Financial Aid when a report has been made to the NSC so that the Office of Financial Aid can verify that NSLDS accurately received and correctly reported the information provided to the NSC timely.



Business Office

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding 2021-002 Special Tests and Provisions – Enrollment Reporting Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Condition and Context:

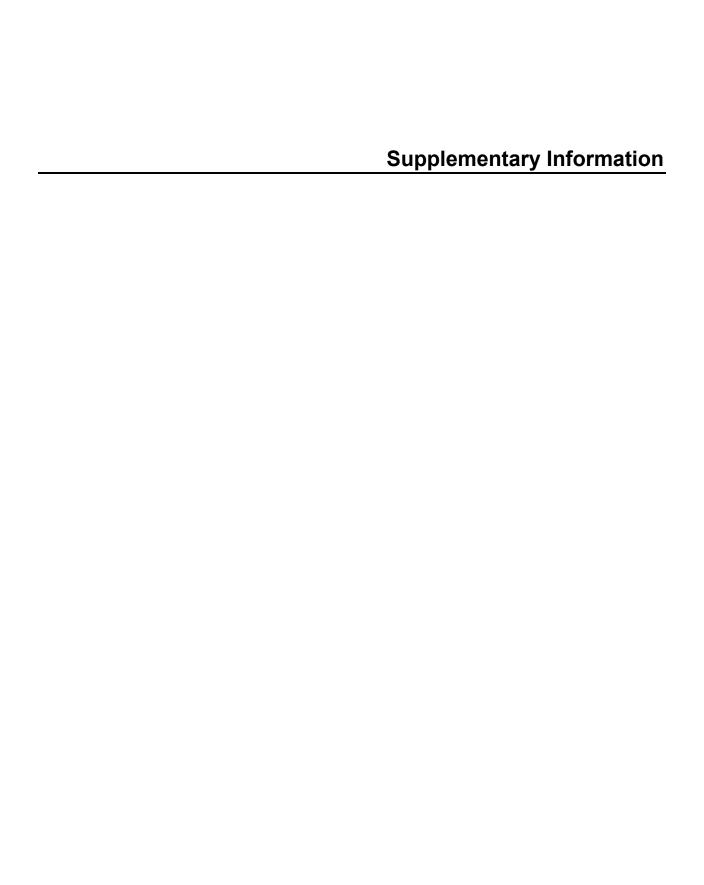
A sample of 45 students from the population of students who were borrowers of Federal Direct student loans and recipients of Pell Grants and had withdrawn or graduated from the College during the 2020-2021 fiscal year were selected. The enrollment information and withdrawal or graduation date per the College's records was compared to the information reported to the NSLDS. In our sample, the auditors noted that 1 withdrawn student who was a Federal borrower was considered as withdrawn by the College, however this student's status change was not reported to NSLDS within the 60 day requirement.

Recommendation:

The auditors recommend the College follow and enhance existing policies to ensure all student changes in status are identified timely and submitted accurately within the required time frame. The auditors also recommend the College establish a formal internal monitoring control whereby a designated individual with NSLDS access, on a sample basis, spot checks the status updates on NSLDS to internally audit the submissions.

Current Status:

This finding has been corrected. The Registrar's Office has implemented a monthly reporting schedule to ensure timely and accurate reporting to NSLDS. In addition, the Registrar's Office notifies the Office of Financial Aid when a report has been made to the NSC so that the Office of Financial Aid can verify that NSLDS accurately received and correctly reported the information provided to the NSC timely.



	Assistance Listing	Pass-thru Entity	Passed through	Federal
Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number*	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education: Student Financial Assistance Cluster: Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program Federal Work-Study Program Federal Perkins Loan (Note C) Federal Pell Grant Program Federal Direct Student Loans	84.007 84.033 84.038 84.063 84.268		\$ - - - -	\$ 238,879 180,157 1,037,964 1,077,119 4,137,292
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster				6,671,411
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund - Student Aid Portion Total U.S. Department of Education	84.425E			937,651 7,609,062
·				7,000,002
Research and Development Cluster:				
U.S. Department of Defense:				
University of Melbourne - Research and Technology Development	12.910	753575117		5,152
National Science Foundation:				
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049		-	3,346
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049		-	59,268
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049		-	28,593
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049		-	100,003
Geosciences Macalester College - Geosciences University of Missouri, Columbia - Biological Sciences	47.050 47.050 47.074	077626778 153890272	- - -	107,329 3,000 20,492
Biological Sciences	47.074		-	19,233
Biological Sciences	47.074		-	14,703
Biological Sciences	47.074		-	28,488
Northeastern University - Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences Northeastern University - Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences	47.075 47.075	001423631 001423631		14,615 14,906
Total National Science Foundation				413,976
Total Research and Development Cluster			_	419,128
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 8,028,190

^{*} All awards are direct from the named federal agency unless indicated by a pass-through entity identifying number in this column.

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Whitman College under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the changes in net assets of the College, it is not intended to and does not present the consolidated financial position or cash flows of the College.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. The College has elected not to use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note C - Federal Perkins Loan Program Administration

Whitman College administers the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2022:

	Assistance Bal		tstanding alance at e 30, 2022
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	\$	749,742

Section 498(c)(1) of the Higher Education Act authorizes the secretary of the U.S. Department of Education ("ED") to establish ratios and other criteria for determining whether an institution has sufficient financial responsibility.

On September 23, 2019, Section 668.172 of the current regulation was revised. The September 23 regulation clarified the inputs needed to correctly calculate an institution's composite score and also requires the timely notification (within 10 days) and recalculation of the composite score if certain triggering events occur. These triggering events stem from:

- Major: Final federal or state administrative action or proceedings
- Discretionary (any 2):
 - Accrediting agency action
 - Violation of loan agreements
 - Licensing violations
 - ♦ High annual dropout rates
 - ♦ Cohort default rates > 30%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, Whitman College did not experience any triggering events.

Section 668.172 also established a methodology based on three ratios—primary reserve, equity, and net income—that measure different aspects of financial health and are combined into a composite score to measure financial responsibility. Several mathematical steps are required to combine an institution's ratio results into a composite score:

- Determine the value of each ratio;
- Calculate a strength factor score for each ratio using the appropriate algorithm;
- Calculate a weighted score for each ratio by multiplying the strength factor score by its corresponding weighted percentage; and
- Add the weighted scores to arrive at the composite score.

Institutions receiving a composite score of 1.5 or greater are considered financially responsible. An institution that fails the financial responsibility standards may continue to participate in Title IV programs under provisional certifications for three years. To continue to participate in Title IV programs under provisional certification, an institution will be required to provide surety to the ED of 10 percent or more of its previous year's Title IV funding, as determined by the ED.

The following are the results of the College's composite score calculations:

Primary Reserve Ratio Calculation	Reference	June 30, 2022	
Net assets without donor restrictions Net assets with donor restrictions	SOFP SOFP	\$ 334,353 501,661	
Total net assets		836,014	
Less:			
Annuities with donor restrictions	۸	(2,202)	
Term endowments with donor restrictions	^	(188)	
Life income funds with donor restrictions	^	(12,252)	
Net assets with donor restrictions: restricted in perpetuity (less annuities)	Note 10	(224,119)	
Net assets with donor restrictions: other for purpose or time (not included in the calculation)		, ,	(262,900)
Unsecured related party receivables	Note 2	(5,176)	, ,
Unsecured other related party assets	n/a	-	
Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation	*	(151,864)	
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for			
original purchase	**	_	
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for			
original purchase	***	(12,153)	
Construction in progress	****	(1,670)	
Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation	n/a	(1,070)	
Lease right-of-use asset pre-implementation	11/a ****	_	
Intangible assets	SOFP	_	
mangine assets	0011		
Add:			
Post-employment and pension liabilities	Note 5	4,875	
Long-term debt for long term purposes pre-implementation	†	67,475	
Long-term debt for long term purposes post-implementation	††	7,005	
Line of credit for construction in progress	n/a	-	
Pre-implementation right-of-use lease liabilities	n/a	_	
Post-implementation right-of-use lease liabilities	SOFP	_	
···			
Total expendable net assets			\$ 505,745
-	004	A 00 005	
Total expenses without donor restrictions	SOA	\$ 90,625	
Add:			
Other components of net periodic pension costs	n/a	_	
Change in value of split-interest agreements	SOA	50	
Other losses	SOA	635	
Net investment losses	SOA	59,555	
Pension - related changes other than net periodic costs	n/a	- 3,000	
Non-operating and net investment losses	11/4	60,240	
Hon operating and not investment lesses		00,210	
Total expenses without donor restrictions and losses without donor restrictions			\$ 150,865
Primary reserve ratio			3.4

Equity Ratio Calculation	Reference	June 30, 2022	
Net assets without donor restrictions Net assets with donor restrictions	SOFP SOFP	\$ 334,353 501,661	
Total net assets		836,014	
Less:			
Lease right-of-use assets pre-implementation Intangible assets	n/a n/a	-	
Unsecured related-party receivables	Note 2	(5,176)	
Unsecured related-party other assets	n/a	-	
Add:			
Pre-implementation right-of-use lease liabilities	n/a	-	
Modified net assets			\$ 830,838
Total assets	SOFP	\$ 951,755	
Less:			
Lease right-of-use assets pre-implementation	n/a	-	
Intangible assets	n/a	- (5.470)	
Unsecured related-party receivables Unsecured related-party other assets	Note 2 n/a	(5,176)	
Modified assets			\$ 946,579
Equity ratio			0.9
Net Income Ratio Calculation	Reference	For the Year Ended rence June 30, 2022	
Net illcome Natio Calculation	Kelelelice		0, 2022
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	SOA		\$ (55,968)
Total operating revenue, gains, and other support without donor restrictions	SOA	\$ 94,068	
Less:			
Investment return appropriated for spending (without donor restriction)	SOA	(10,407)	
Add:	SOA	11 226	
Non-operating revenue and other gains (without donor restriction)	SUA	11,236	
Total revenue and gains without donor restrictions			\$ 94,897
Net income ratio			(0.6)

The following tables reconcile amounts in the scores above to footnotes in the audited consolidated financial statements:

	Reference		
Property, plant and equipment - pre-implementation		\$ 151,864	*
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation with outstanding debt for original purchase		-	**
Property, plant and equipment - post-implementation without outstanding debt for original purchase		12,153	***
Lease right-of-use assets post-implementation		-	****
Construction in progress	Note 3	1,670	****
Total net property, plant, and equipment at June 30, 2022	Note 3	\$ 165,687	
Total split-interest agreements with donor restrictions at June 30, 2022	Note 10	\$ 14,642	$\Sigma^{f \Lambda}$
Long-term debt for long term purposes pre-implementation			
WHEFA series 2004 (tax-exempt)		\$ 28,770	
WHEFA series 2008 (tax-exempt)		22,290	
WHEFA series 2017 (tax-exempt)		16,415	
Total long-term debt for long term purposes pre-implementation		67,475	†
Long-term debt for long term purposes post-implementation			
WHEFA series 2021A (tax-exempt) refinance of WHEFA series 2008		(465)	
WHEFA series 2021B (taxable) refinance of WHEFA series 2004		7,470	
Total long-term debt for long term purposes post-implementation		7,005	††
Line of credit for construction in progress	n/a		
Total long-term debt at June 30, 2022	Note 7	\$ 74,480	

Step 1: Calculate the strength factor score for each ratio by using the following algorithms:

Primary Reserve strength factor score = 10 x the primary reserve ratio result

Equity strength factor score = 6 x the equity ratio result

Negative net income ratio result: Net Income strength factor = 1 + (25 x net income ratio result)Positive net income ratio result: Net Income strength factor = 1 + (50 x net income ratio result)

Zero result for net income ratio: Net income strength factor = 1

If the strength factor score for any ratio is greater than or equal to 3, the strength factor score for the ratio is 3.

If the strength factor score for any ratio is less than or equal to -1, the strength factor score for the ratio is -1.

Step 2: Calculate the weighted score for each ratio and calculate the composite score by adding the three weighted scores

Primary Reserve weighted score = 40% x the primary reserve strength factor score

Equity weighted score = 40% x the equity strength factor score

Net Income weighted score = 20% x the net income strength factor score

Composite Score = the sum of all weighted scores

Round the composite score to one digit after the decimal point to determine the final score

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

RATIO DESCRIPTION	Ratio	Strength Factor	Weight	Composite Scores
Primary Reserve Ratio	3.4	3.0	40%	1.2
Equity Ratio	0.9	3.0	40%	1.2
Net Income Ratio	(0.6)	(1.0)	20%	(0.2)
Composite Score			=	2.2